

Announcements:

- Public lecture & schedule
- Physics tutor.

Chapter 17

Lenses and Optical Instruments

Equations

$$\frac{1}{f} = (n-1) \left(\frac{1}{R_A} - \frac{1}{R_B} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{s_o} + \frac{1}{s_i} = \frac{1}{f}$$

$$M (= h_i/h_o) = -s_i/s_o$$

magnifying glass

$$M_A = \theta'/\theta, \quad N = 25\text{cm}$$

~~the~~ only equations on
microscope and telescope

$$M_A = -f_{obj}/f_{eye} \text{ for a telescope}$$

(& drawing
of how
it works)

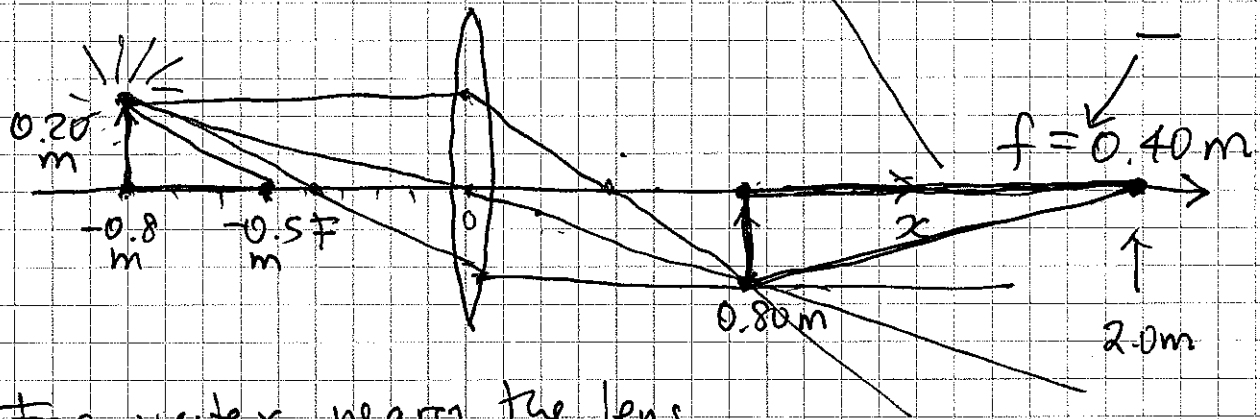
Problems

Be ready to answer questions & solve problems like those assigned for homework, plus:

17-52, 17-53

17-75, 17-70

17-52



- For vertex nearer the lens

$$s_o = 0.50 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{use } \frac{1}{s_o} + \frac{1}{s_i} = \frac{1}{f}, \quad \frac{1}{s_i} = \frac{1}{f} - \frac{1}{s_o} = \frac{1}{0.40} - \frac{1}{0.50} = 2.5 - 2.0 = 0.5 \text{ m}^{-1}$$
$$s_i = 2.0 \text{ m}$$

- For the back

$$s_o = 0.80 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{use } \frac{1}{s_i} = \frac{1}{f} - \frac{1}{s_o} = \frac{1}{0.40} - \frac{1}{0.80} = 2.5 - 1.25 = 1.25 \text{ m}^{-1}$$
$$s_i = 0.80 \text{ m}$$

For height, use $M = -\frac{s_i}{s_o} = -\frac{0.80}{0.80} = -1.0$

$$M = \frac{h_i}{h_o}$$

$$h_i = M h_o = -1.0 \times 0.20 \text{ m} = -0.20 \text{ m}$$

Chapter 18

Electrical Phenomena

Be ready to answer questions similar to the ones in the homework assignment, plus

18-45, 18-46.

Chapter 19

Electric Field and Potential

Equations

$$F_e = k \frac{|q_1| |q_2|}{r^2}$$

$$k = 9.0 \times 10^9 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}^2/\text{C}^2$$
$$e = 1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$$

$$\vec{F}_e = q \vec{E}$$

$$E = k \frac{|q|}{r^2}; \quad E = \frac{V}{d}$$

$$PE_e = k \frac{q_1 q_2}{r}; \quad \delimitershortfall$$

$$PE_e = qV$$

$$V = Ey$$

$$V = k \frac{Q}{r}$$

$$V_{AB} = \frac{\Delta PE_e}{q}$$

Problems

19-57, 19-66

19-54

19-55

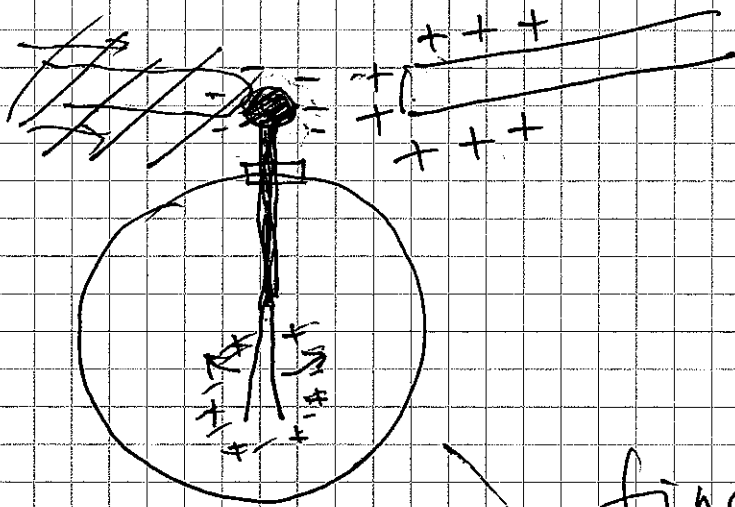
19-73

19-74
+++++

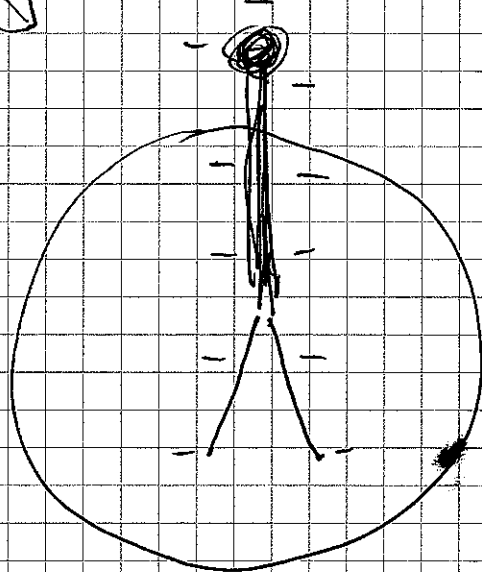
19-82

18-46

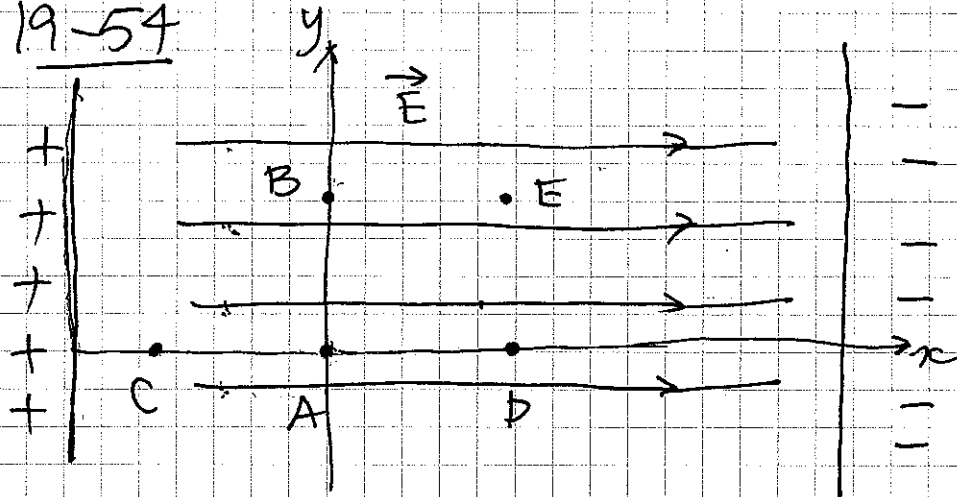
Charging by induction



final



19-54



(a) All 5 points have the same electric field

(b) $V = Ey$

lowest

highest

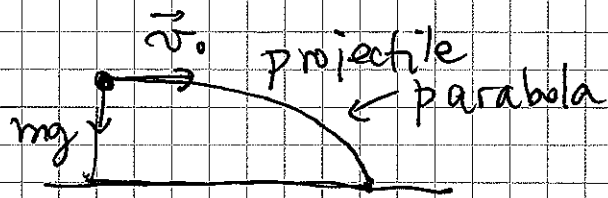
E

B

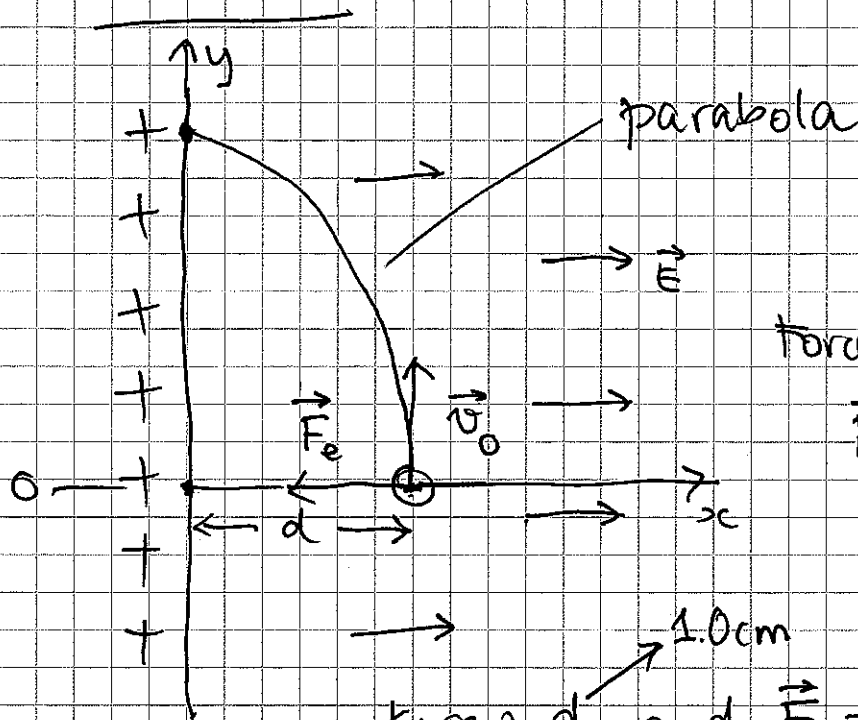
D

A

C



19-66 +



force on electron

$$\vec{F}_e = q\vec{E}$$

-e

know d and $\vec{E} = 1000 \text{ V/m}$ to the right
 know $\vec{v} = 100 \text{ m/s}$ upward

Question: where (what y) does e hit the plate?

Part 1: find the time it takes.

Along x : $x_0 = d$ $x = 0$

$v_{0x} = 0 \text{ m/s}$

$$F_{\text{net}} = ma \rightarrow a = \frac{F_e}{m} = \frac{eE}{m_e} = \frac{(1.60 \times 10^{-19})(1000)}{(9.1 \times 10^{-31})} = \dots$$

$$\Delta x = \cancel{v_0 t} + \frac{1}{2} a t^2 \rightarrow \text{find } t. \quad \text{to the left}$$

Part 2: Find y distance covered in that time

Along y : ($a_y = 0$) $\Delta y = v_{0y} t$
 $= (100)(\dots)$