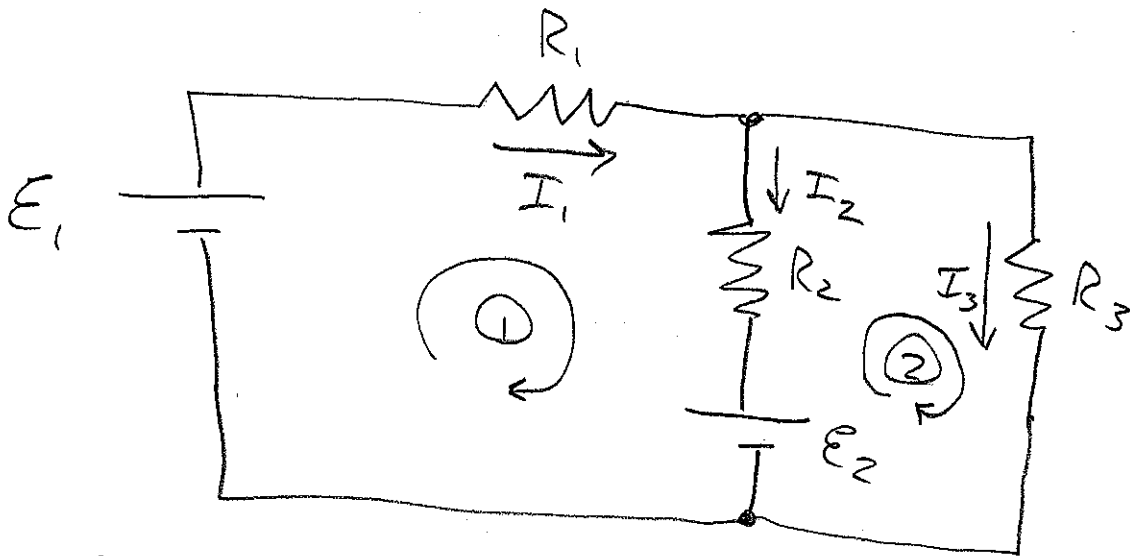


Hard Circuit Problem

from
review
session



assume
 $R_1 \neq R_2 \neq R_3$

Say you are given $R_1, R_2, R_3, E_1 + E_2$
and need to find I_1, I_2, I_3

3 equations

$$\text{Loop ①: } E_1 - I_1 R_1 - I_2 R_2 - E_2 = 0$$

$$\text{Loop ②: } E_2 + I_2 R_2 - I_3 R_3 = 0$$

$$\text{Junction: } I_1 = I_2 + I_3$$

Now Solve!

$$\text{From ②: } I_2 R_2 = I_3 R_3 - E_2, \text{ plug into ①}$$

$$\text{to get } E_1 - I_1 R_1 - I_3 R_3 + \cancel{E_2} - \cancel{E_2} = 0$$

Now solve this for I_1 ← by Junction

$$I_1 = \frac{E_1 - I_3 R_3}{R_1} = I_2 + I_3$$

Now solve for I_2 :

$$I_2 = \frac{E_1}{R_1} - \frac{R_3}{R_1} I_3 - I_3$$

so $I_2 R_2 = \frac{R_2}{R_1} E_1 - \frac{R_2 R_3}{R_1} I_3 - R_2 I_3$

and plug this into Loop ② eqn
and solve for I_3

$$E_2 + \frac{R_2}{R_1} E_1 - \frac{R_2 R_3}{R_1} I_3 - R_2 I_3 - I_3 R_3 = 0$$

Collect I_3 terms and solve:

$$E_2 + \frac{R_2}{R_1} E_1 = \left[\frac{R_2 R_3}{R_1} + R_2 + R_3 \right] I_3$$

so
$$I_3 = \frac{E_2 + \frac{R_2}{R_1} E_1}{\left[\frac{R_2 R_3}{R_1} + R_2 + R_3 \right]}$$

you know numbers for all this, so calculate it.

Then plug I_3 value into loop ② eqn,
and solve for I_2 and

finally I_1 by $I_1 = I_2 + I_3$

... Easy as pie!