

COST OF A MUON COOLING TEST RING

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**Muon Ring Cooler Workshop
Neutrino Factory and Muon Collider
Collaboration
Lewis Hall, Room 228
Dept. of Physics and Astronomy
University of Mississippi-Oxford
University, Mississippi 38677
11–12 March 2004**

Popular Experimental Papers – 22/40 Feature Neutrinos

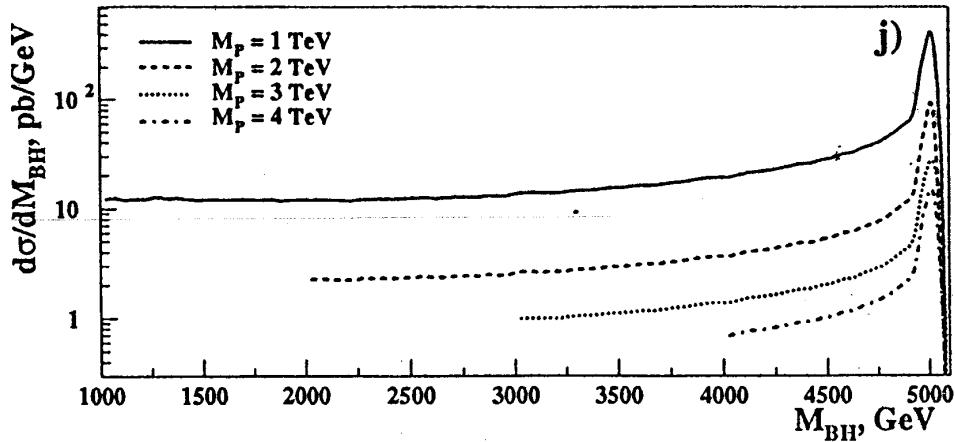
Experiment	Subject	Journal	Cites
SuperK	Atmospheric ν Oscillations	PRL 81 (1998)	1562
BNL598	Heavy Particle J	PRL 33 (1974)	1404
SPEAR	Narrow Resonance in $e^+ e^-$	PRL 33 (1974)	1406
EMC	Spin Asymmetry and g_1	PL B206 (1988)	364
EMC	Spin Structure of the Proton	NP B328 (1989)	1
CDF	Observation of the Top Quark	PRL 74 (1995)	2626
ARGUS	Observation of $B^0 - \bar{B}^0$ Mixing	PL B192 (1987)	245
D0	Observation of the Top Quark	PRL 74 (1995)	2632
BNL181	$K_2^0 \rightarrow \pi\pi$	PRL 13 (1964)	138
FNAL288	9.5 GeV/c ² Dimuon Resonance	PRL 39 (1977)	252
CHOOZ	Limits on Neutrino Oscillations	PL B466 (1999)	415
SNO	⁸ B Solar Neutrinos	PRL 87 (2001)	071301
UA1	Large E _T Electrons + Missing E	PL B122 (1983)	103
SuperK	Atmospheric μ/e Neutrino Ratio	PL B335 (1994)	237
MARK I	Lepton Production in $e^+ e^-$	PRL 35 (1975)	1489
UA1	Lepton Pairs around 95 GeV/c ²	PL B126 (1983)	398
Homestake	Solar Electron Neutrino Flux	ApJ 496 (1998)	505
UA2	$Z^0 \rightarrow e^+ e^-$	PL B129 (1983)	130
CHOOZ	Limits on Neutrino Oscillations	PL B420 (1998)	397
EMC	Nucleon Structure Function F_2^N	PL B123 (1983)	275
UA2	Large E _T Electrons + Missing E	PL B122 (1983)	476
CLEO	Radiative Penguin Decay	PRL 74 (1995)	2885
JADE	Multi Jets in $e^+ e^-$	ZP C33 (1986)	23
SuperK	Atmospheric μ/e Neutrino Ratio	PL B280 (1992)	146
SNO	Neutrino Oscillations and Z^0	PRL 89 (2002)	011301
SuperK	Atmospheric μ/e Neutrino Ratio	PL B433 (1998)	9
LSND	Evidence for $\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_e$	PRL 77 (1996)	3082
SuperK	Atmospheric Neutrino Flux	PL B436 (1998)	33
SuperK	Neutrinos from SN1987A	PRL 58 (1987)	1490
SPEAR	Second Resonance in $e^+ e^-$	PRL 33 (1974)	1453
SuperK	Solar Neutrino Data	PRL 77 (1996)	1683
CDF	Evidence for the Top Quark	PR D50 (1994)	2966
SuperK	e/ μ Atmospheric Neutrinos	PR D46 (1992)	3720
Gallex	Solar Neutrino Observations	PL B447 (1999)	127
LSND	Evidence for $\nu_\mu \rightarrow \nu_e$	PRL 81 (1992)	1774
Gargamelle	Neutrino Interactions with Z^0	PL B46 (1973)	138
IMB	Neutrinos from SN1987A	PRL 58 (1987)	1494
SuperK	Solar ⁸ B Neutrinos	PRL 86 (2001)	5651
SMC	Deuteron Structure $g_1(x)$	PL B302 (1993)	533
SuperK	Atmospheric Neutrino Flux	PL B205 (1988)	416

Popular Muon Collaboration Papers

1st Author	Subject	Journal	Cites
S. Geer	ν Physics at μ Storage Rings	PR D57 (1998) 6989	312
Ankenbrandt	Muon Collider R&D	PRST 2 (1999) 081001	251
C. Albright	Physics at a Neutrino Factory	hep-ex/0008064	180
D. Neuffer	Principles of Muon Cooling	PA 14 (1983) 75	136
V. Barger	Long Baseline Neutrino Physics	PR D61 (2000) 053004	122
A. Skrinsky	Cooling Methods for Beams	SJPN 12 (1981) 223	121
V. Barger	Higgs s Channel at μ Colliders	PRep 286 (1997) 1	118
V. Barger	Long Baseline ν Oscillations	PR D62 (2000) 013004	117
D. Cline	Few 100 GeV μ Collider Physics	NIM A350 (1994) 24	101
V. Barger	s Channel Higgs at μ Colliders	PRL 75 (1995) 1462	100
V. Barger	Entry Level Neutrino Factory	PR D62 (2000) 073002	91
D. Ayres	ν Factory/ μ Collider R&D EOI	physics/9911009	68
D. Neuffer	$\mu^+ \mu^-$ Possibilities/Challenges	NIM A350 (1994) 27	64
R. Palmer	Cost Effective ν Factory	NIM A451 (2000) 265	61
D. Neuffer	Multi TeV Muon Colliders	AIP 156 (1987) 201	59
A. Blondel	ν Factory Beam/Experiments	NIM A451 (2000) 102	50
R. Palmer	Muon Collider Design	NPPS 51A (1996) 61	48
V. Barger	Short Base Osc. at ν Factory	PR D63 (2001) 033002	46
R. Raja	Spin Calibrated 50 GeV Muons	PR D58 (1998) 013005	38
A. Skrinsky	Novosibirsk Intersecting Rings	AIP 352 (1996) 6	32
G. Budker	Accelerators/Colliding Beams	AIP 352 (1996) 4	31
D. Neuffer	ν Oscillation μ Storage Ring	IEEE 28 (1981) 2034	30
D. Cline	ν Oscillation μ Storage Ring	AIP 68 (1980) 846	29
M. Alsharoa	ν Factory/Muon Collider R&D	PRST 6 (2003) 081001	29
W. Barletta	μ Collider: μ Electroproduction	NIM A350 (1994) 36	27
R. Fernow	Stochastic μ Ionization Cooling	PR E52 (1995) 1039	24
K.-J. Kim	Cooling Formulas–Solenoids	PRL 85 (2000) 760	24
G. Penn	μ Cooling Envelopes–Solenoids	PRL 85 (2000) 764	23

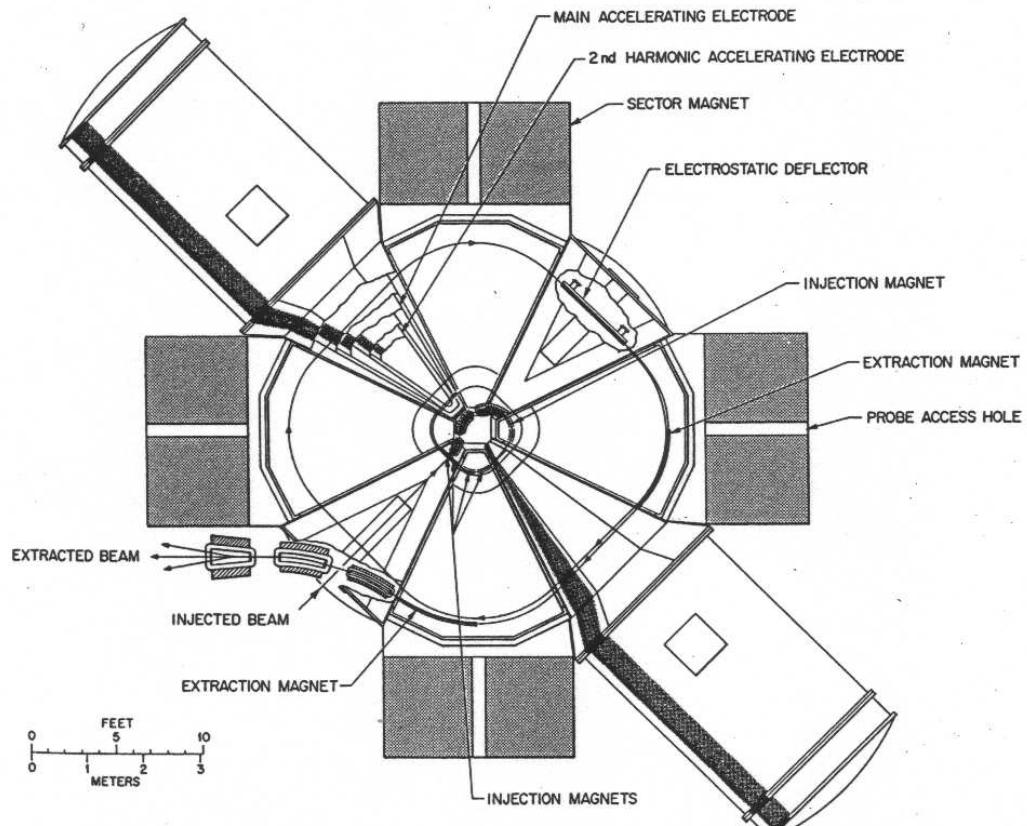
Physics with Black Holes of Known Mass at a Muon Collider

- Only the Muon Collider can produce black holes of known mass.
- Known mass could be critical in measuring:
Quantum Black Hole Remnants,
Scanning production turn on,
Gravitons as missing energy.
- CLIC e^+e^- suffers from beamstrahlung
5 TeV spectrum from Greg Landsberg



Oak Ridge Sector Cyclotron, AIP 9 (1972) 54

Uranium energy (MeV/u)	10	Peak V, fundamental, kV	250
Relativistic Energy Limit	100	2nd Harmonic V, % fund.	26
Min. q/A (for 10 MeV/u)	0.15	Power, fundamental, kW	400
$B\rho_{max}$ (kG-cm)	3018	Power, 2nd harmonic, kW	100
E Constant, K ($E = q^2/A$)	440	Resonator Length, m	8.6
Max. magnetic field (kG)	16.0	Resonator dia. (max.), m	3.3
Magnet fraction (52° hills)	0.58	Amplitude Stability	1 in 10^4
Number of sectors	4	Phase stability, deg	± 0.1
Injection E, U ion (MeV/u)	0.6	Energy Ratio (E_f/E_i)	9 – 19
Radius Ratio (R_f/R_i)	3 – 4.3	Injection R , $R_f/R_i=3$ (m)	1.05
Extraction mean R (m)	3.15	RF freq., 10 MeV/u (MHz)	13.22
RF freq. range, (MHz)	6 – 14	Harmonic # (10 MeV/u U)	6
Magnet weight, tons	2300		



Cost of Four 201.25 MHz RF Cavities

- Length = 42 cm
Radius (Aperture) = 20 cm
Gradient = 16 MV/m
A wedge shape may be needed to fit
- 26 MV/orbit → 2 GV / 80 orbits
If I lose and gain 2 GeV, I can cool.
- Rough Estimates from Al Moretti
Four cells at \$91 000 each → \$360 000
4 MW RF Power Supply → \$1 300 000

Cost of Four 1.6 T Dipole Magnets

- Coil Circumference = 170 cm
“Solenoid” Height = 30 cm
400 000 Ampere turns per magnet
2500 Amps in 160 turns
15mm square copper conductor
Two 135mm square coils/magnet + H₂O
Coil Length = 81 turns × 170cm = 140 m
 $(1.7 \times 10^{-8}) (140) / .015^2 = 0.011 \Omega$
Volts = IR = $2500 \times 0.011 = 28 \text{ V}$
Power = I² R = $2500^2 \times 0.011 = 70 \text{ kW}$
70 kW × 8 coils = 560 kW
24 hrs × 560 kW × \$.05/kW-hr = \$670/day
Copper Volume = $.015^2 \times 140 \times 8 = .25 \text{ m}^3$
Copper Mass = $8900 \text{ kg/m}^3 \times .25 = 2200 \text{ kg}$
Cost at \$20 / kg of Copper = \$44 000
Cost of 0.5 MW Dynapower Supply = \$60 000
Steel Vol. = $4 \times 0.5\text{m} \times 1\text{m} \times 1.3\text{m} = 2.6 \text{ m}^3$
Steel Mass = $7900 \text{ kg/m}^3 \times 2.6 \text{ m}^3 = 21000 \text{ kg}$
Steel Cost = $21000 \text{ kg} \times \$4/\text{kg} = \$84000$

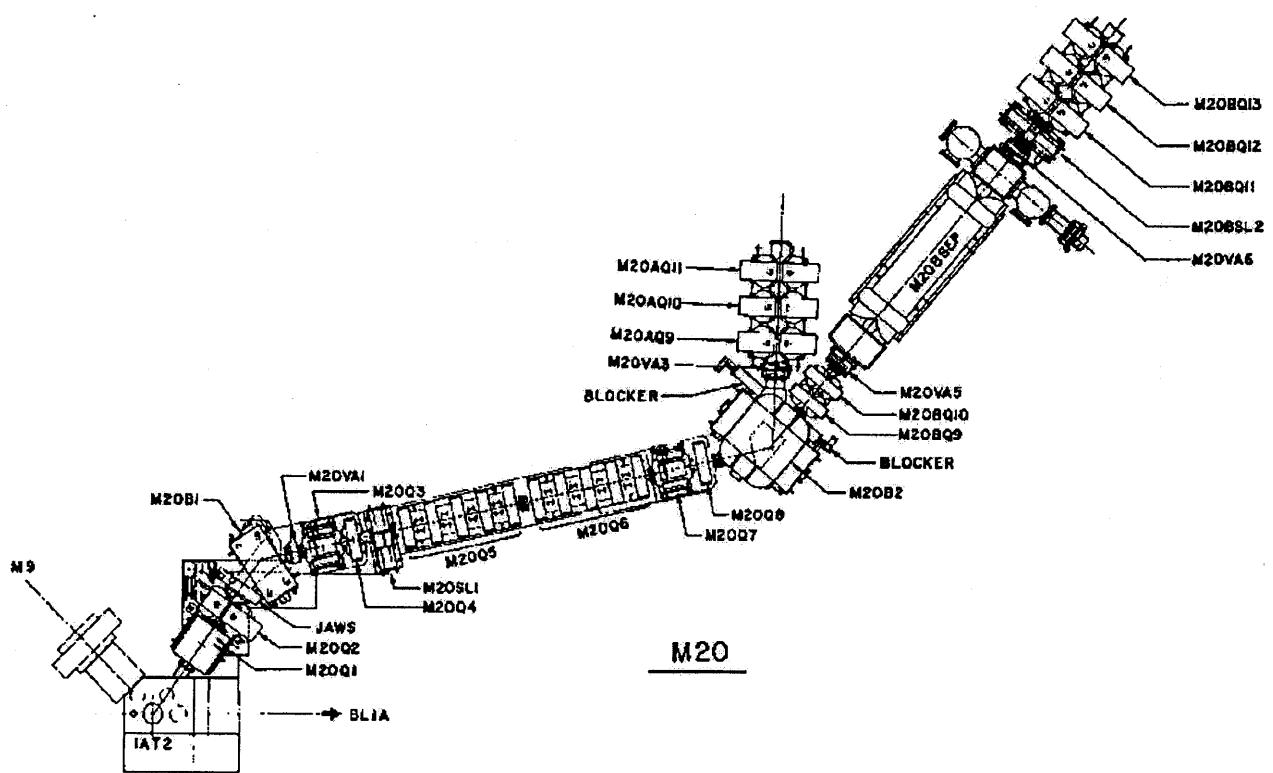
Cost of Scintillating Fiber Tracker at Room Temperature

- Four X – Y – Stereo Planes
 - Multi Anode Hamamatsu PMTs
 - Multi Hit TDCs (e.g. LeCroy 3377)
 - 1.5mm scintillating fibers
 - $\text{Resolution} = 1.5\text{mm} / \sqrt{12} = 0.45\text{mm}$
 - Must check multiple scattering in the ring!!!
 - 200 fibers / plane \rightarrow 30cm coverage
 - 2400 channels \times \$200/channel = \$480 000

Sources of Muons

- www.hep.princeton.edu/mumu/muonbeam.html
- $p + n \rightarrow p + p + \pi^-$, threshold = 300 MeV
400 MeV Fermi Linac \rightarrow 300 MeV/c π^- max.
 \rightarrow 290 MeV/c μ^- max.
- Brookhaven D2 Beamline
- Jefferson Lab
6 GeV electrons
 $\gamma \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
- TRIUMF
520 MeV protons
M11 400 MeV/c pion beam
M20 173 MeV/c muon beam
- Rutherford Lab

TRIUMF M20 173 MeV/c Muon Beam



LEAR ANTI-CYCLOTRON

Don Summers and Romulus Godang
(University of Mississippi-Oxford)

Muon Ring Cooler Mini-Workshop
Tucson, Arizona
15-16 December 2003

B-Field

- Magnet 2.9 Tesla
4 concentric coils
Weak focusing
Azimuthally symmetric field
- dE/dx Injection radius = 120 mm,
 $p = 105 \text{ MeV}/c$, 0.3 mbar hydrogen
- Anti-protons adiabatically spiral to
the center
- dE/dx cannot be too high

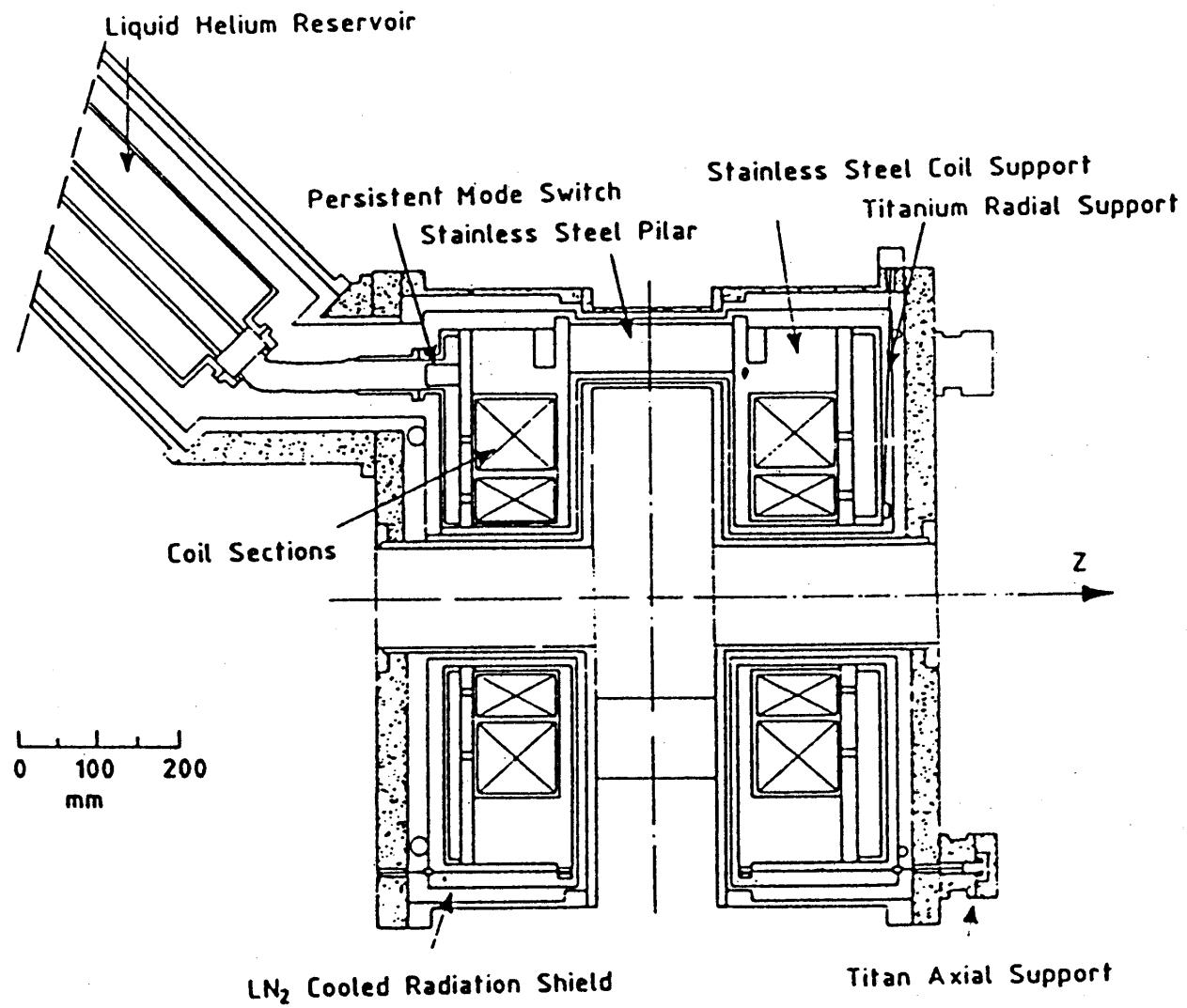
B-Field Continue...

- Final anti-proton swarm
 - $r = 15 \text{ mm}$
 - $h = 40 \text{ mm}$
 - $\text{KE} = 2 \text{ keV}$
- Pulsed electric kicker in Z
 - 80 ns pulse
 - 20 ns rise
- 20 microsecond spiral time
- A long bunch train is coalesced into one swarm

Challenges

- more focusing \Rightarrow more dE/dx
 - \Rightarrow faster spiral
 - \Rightarrow still adiabatic
- more focusing \Rightarrow greater beam acceptance
 - \Rightarrow accept high emittance muons

Anticyclotron, NIM A278 (1989) 368



Halliday and Resnick

- Cyclotron frequency

$$f = \omega / 2\pi = qB / 2\pi m$$

- $f_{\bar{p}} / f_{\mu} = 938/106 = 8.8$

$20 \mu\text{S}$ spiral $\rightarrow 2.3 \mu\text{S}$ spiral

Also can increase B

Muon Swarm Size Estimate

- Put 10^{12} muons at a point
Take $B = 2.9$ Tesla
Set electric repulsion = Lorentz force
Find radius
Estimate, not orbit!!!
- $E = vB$; $v = qBr/m$
 $10^{12} q / (4\pi\epsilon_0 r^2) = q r B^2 / m$
 $r = [10^{12} m / (4\pi\epsilon_0 B^2)]^{1/3}$
 $= 6\text{mm}$
- Put a wire through the muon swarm
Neutralize the charge!
 10^{12} electrons move in a $\mu\text{S} \rightarrow 1 \text{ Amp}$
- Anti-proton Anti-cyclotron momentum
 $p = .3 B R = .3 \times 2.9 \times 0.12 = .105 \text{ GeV/c}$

Damped Harmonic Oscillator

- Generalized Angular Momentum
 $L_g = L_z - e r A_\theta$, NIM A278 (1989) 368
- Quasipotential Well, $\eta = e/M$
 $U(r,z) = V(r,z) - (1/2\eta r^2) (L_g/M + \eta r A_\theta)^2$
- (a) $U'(r,0)$ [MeV] vs r [mm] for various L_g
 a, b, c, and d are stable orbit radii
- (b) $[U'(r_0, z) - U'(r_0, 0)]$ [MeV] vs z [mm] for various r_0

